

Mentor Language

| Paraphrasing | Clarifying |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Paraphrasing communicates that the | Clarifying communicates that the listener |
| listener | has |
| Listened carefully | Heard what the speaker said, but does |
| Understood what was said | not fully understand what was said |
| Cares | |
| | Clarifying involves asking a question (direct |
| Paraphrasing involves: | or implied) to: |
| Restating in your own words | Gather more information |
| Summarizing | Discover the meaning of the language |
| Organizing | used |
| | Learn more about the speaker's |
| Possible paraphrasing stems include: | reasoning |
| • So, | Seek connections between ideas |
| In other words, | Develop or maintain a focus |
| It sounds like | |
| There are several key points you're | Possible clarifying stems include: |
| bringing up | Would you tell me a little more about? |
| From what you're saying, | Let me see if I understand |
| You're primarily concerned with | Can you tell me more about? |
| | It would help me understand if you'd give |
| | me an example of |
| | So, are you saying/suggesting? |
| | What do you mean by? |
| | How are you feeling about? |
| | |





| Suggestions | Suggestion Stems |
|---|--|
| Suggestions | Express suggestions that represent using |
| Are expressed with invitational, positive | strategic practices, embed choices, and |
| language and vocal tone | encourage thinking/experimentation: |
| Offer choices to encourage ownership | Perhaps |
| Are often expressed as a question (or | From our experience, one thing we've |
| include a "tag question" to invite further | noticed |
| thinking and elaboration) | Several/some teachers I know have tried |
| Are achievable—enough to encourage | different things in this sort of situation, |
| but not to overwhelm | and maybe one might work for you |
| May provide information about the | What we know about is |
| mentor's thinking and decision-making | Based on your question, something to |
| strategies | keep in mind when dealing with |
| are more likely to be either accepted or | There are a number of approaches |
| elaborated upon by the teacher if they | |
| are accompanied by research and/or | Following a suggestion with a question |
| rationale | invites the teacher to imagine/hypothesize |
| | how the idea might work in his/her context: |
| | How might that look in your classroom? |
| | To what extent might that work in your |
| | situation/with your students? |
| | What do you imagine might happen if |
| | you were to try something like that with |
| | your class? |
| | Which of these ideas might work best in |
| | your classroom (with your students)? |



Teachable Moments

Teachable moments are spontaneous opportunities that offer the mentor an entry point to:

- Fill in instructional gaps
- Help the teacher make good choices
- Encourage the teacher to take "the next step"

Taking advantage of a teachable moment involves:

- Sharing in the spirit of support
- Being brief and focusing on the essential
- Being strategic
- Avoiding using jargon or sounding pedantic

Possible teaching moment stems include:

- One thing to keep in mind is...
- If you're interested in ______, it's important to...
- What I know about _____ is...
- It's sometimes/usually helpful to _____ when...

Attitudes for Effective Listening

Effective listening communicates that the listener is...

- Respectful
- Focused on building the relationship
- Increasing his/her knowledge and understanding
- Encouraging
- Trustworthy

Effective listening involves:

- Truly hearing what the other person has to say
- Viewing the other person as separate from yourself with alternative ways of seeing what you see
- Genuinely being able to accept the other person's feelings, no matter how different they are from your own
- Trusting the other person's capacity to handle, work through, and find solutions to his/her own problem